



#1: [CaseMode := Sensitive, InputMode := Word, TimesOperator := Asterisk]

Funciones respecto a los ejes X e Y:

#2: $f(x) := c1 + c2*x + c3*x^2$

#3:
$$\begin{bmatrix} f(0) = 0 \\ f(b) = h \\ f'(0) = 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

#4:
$$\begin{bmatrix} c1 = 0 \\ b^2 * c3 + b * c2 + c1 = h \\ c2 = 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

#5:
$$\left[c1 = 0 \wedge c2 = 0 \wedge c3 = \frac{h}{\frac{b^2}{2}} \right]$$

#6: $f(x) := \frac{h}{b} * \frac{x^2}{2}$

#7: $g(y) := \sqrt{\left(\frac{b^2}{h} * y \right)}$

Inercia respecto a los ejes X e Y:

#8: $I_x = \int y^2 dA$

#9: $I_x = \int_0^b \int_0^{f(x)} y^2 dy dx$

#10: $I_x = \frac{b^3 * h}{21}$

#11: $I_y = \int x^2 dA$

#12: $I_y = \int_0^h \int_{g(y)}^b x^2 dx dy$

#13:
$$I_y = \frac{b \cdot h^3}{5}$$

#14:
$$I_{xy} = \int x \cdot y \, dA$$

#15:
$$I_{xy} = \int_0^b \int_0^{f(x)} x \cdot y \, dy \, dx$$

#16:
$$I_{xy} = \frac{b^2 \cdot h^2}{12}$$

Funciones respecto a los ejes centroidales m y n:

#17:
$$[m = x - X_{cg}, n = y - Y_{cg}]$$

#18:
$$n + Y_{cg} = \frac{h}{b} \cdot (m + X_{cg})^2$$

#19:
$$j(m) := \frac{h^2}{b^2} \cdot m^2 + \frac{2 \cdot X_{cg} \cdot h}{b^2} \cdot m + \frac{X_{cg}^2 \cdot h - Y_{cg} \cdot b^2}{b^2}$$

#20:
$$m + X_{cg} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{b}{h} \cdot (n + Y_{cg}) \right)^2}$$

#21:
$$k(n) := b \cdot \sqrt{\left(\frac{Y_{cg} + n}{h} \right)^2} - X_{cg}$$

Área:

#22:
$$A := \int_0^b \int_0^{f(x)} 1 \, dy \, dx$$

#23:
$$A := \frac{b \cdot h}{3}$$

Centroide (Xcg, Ycg):

#24:
$$Y_{cg} := \frac{1}{A} \cdot \int_0^b \int_0^{f(x)} y \, dy \, dx$$

#25:
$$Y_{cg} := \frac{3 \cdot h}{10}$$

#26:
$$X_{cg} := \frac{1}{A} \cdot \int_0^h \int_0^b x \, dx \, dy$$

#27:
$$X_{cg} := \frac{3 \cdot b}{4}$$

Inercia respecto a los ejes centroidales m y n:

#28: $I_m = \int n^2 dA$

#29: $I_m = \int_{-X_{cg}}^{b - X_{cg}} \int_{-Y_{cg}}^{j(m)} n^2 dn dm$

#30: $I_m = \frac{37 \cdot b \cdot h^3}{2100}$

#31: $I_n = \int_{-Y_{cg}}^{h - Y_{cg}} \int_{k(n)}^{b - X_{cg}} m^2 dm dn$

#32: $I_n = \frac{b \cdot h^3}{80}$

#33: $I_{mn} = \int m \cdot n dA$

#34: $I_{mn} = \int_{-X_{cg}}^{b - X_{cg}} \int_{-Y_{cg}}^{j(m)} m \cdot n dn dm$

#35: $I_{mn} = \frac{b^2 \cdot h^2}{120}$

Ver <https://clasesdemecanica.net/index.php/momentos-de-inercia/#:~:text=El%20producto%20de%20inercia%20de%20l,ser%20positivo%2C%20negativo%20o%20cero.>

